Verruca-Freeze ...





 Select either an arrow or round CryoBud®, ensuring the foam tip is at least 1mm larger than the lesion to be treated.



- Insert CryoBud[®] into trigger nozzle with a twisting motion. Once CryoBud[®] is secure, hold canister upright and remove safety cap.
- 3. Hold canister away from patient and gently press dispensing valve for approximately 3-6 seconds until the first droplet emerges from the foam tip, then release finger from valve.
- Turn canister so that the CryoBud[®] is in a vertical position (90° angle). Wait 15 seconds for the foam tip to crystallize and reach optimal freezing temperature of -55°C.
- 5. Continue to hold the canister in the same position and with light pressure, place the frozen tip of the CryoBud® on the treatment area for the recommended freezing time (see chart).

 Do not press dispensing valve while the CryoBud® is in contact with patient's skin.
- Remove CryoBud[®] from lesion to reveal ice ball. Allow approximately 40 seconds for the thawing process to be completed before touching the lesion.

TIP: If an ice ball does not appear, either the treatment time was not long enough or the CryoBud® was not fully saturated. Repeat treatment as appropriate.

Recommended Freeze Times

Reduce freeze time when treating lesions in areas with thin skin.

15 SECONDS

Actinic Keratosis (Facial) Lentigo (Facial)

20 SECONDS

Molluscum Contagiosum Verruca Plana (Flat Warts)

40 SECONDS

Acrochordon (Skin Tags)
Actinic Keratosis (Non-Facial)
Condyloma Acuminata (Genital Warts)
Lentigo (Non-Facial)
Seborrheic Keratosis
Verruca Plantaris (Plantar Warts)
Verruca Vulgaris (Common Warts)

Perform 1 to 4 treatments at an interval of 2 weeks until lesion is fully removed.

If ever in doubt, always under-treat versus over-treat. The lesion may be re-evaluated and treated again in 1–2 weeks.

Treatment Tips

Thick and calloused lesions, such as plantar warts, can be debrided before treatment using a curette, file, or pumice stone. Keratin is highly insulating, so removing the uppermost layer of keratin may increase the efficacy of the freeze and reduce the number of freeze-thaw cycles required.

For plantar warts, measure and record the size of the wart prior to initial treatment to help assess treatment response during subsequent visits.

Once saturated, a 2mm CryoBud® will maintain its temperature for approximately 90 seconds, and a 5mm CryoBud® will maintain its temperature for approximately 120 seconds—sufficient time to perform 1–2 additional treatments on a patient. After the first use, remove CryoBud® from lesion and continue to hold at a 90° angle. Wait 15 seconds for it to return to the necessary temperature before applying to the next lesion.

Double Freeze-Thaw Method

Large, thick, or deep lesions, such as plantar warts, may require more than one treatment in a single visit. In these instances, the Double-Freeze Thaw Method may be used to increase effectiveness of treatment. After completing the first treatment, assess if a second treatment is necessary. Be sure to allow the lesion to fully thaw before performing the second treatment.

Post-Treatment Care

- Keep treated area of skin clean.
- Swimming and showering are permitted, however, care should be taken to keep the area as dry as possible.
- Do not scratch or pick at treated area.
- If blisters form, do not pop them. If blisters open, cover with an adhesive bandage.

Common CPT Codes

Benign Lesions17000 1 LesionAge Spots, Actinic17003 2 to 14Keratoses, Seborrheic17004 15 or moreKeratoses

Warts & Molluscum 17110 1 to 14 17111 15 or more

Skin Tags 11200 1 to 15 11201 Fach add'l 10

Storage and Disposal

DANGER: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE AEROSOL

Store canister at room temperature and away from direct heat sources. Do not expose to temperatures over 120°F. Do not pierce or burn canister, even when empty.

If empty, dispose of the canister as normal waste. If not empty, contact your local waste management facility for disposal information.

Contents: Dimethyl Ether, Propane, Isobutane

Important Notes

- Verruca-Freeze® H should be used only on benign, superficial skin lesions.
- Do not treat lesions if cancer is suspected. If uncertain about a lesion's benignity, perform a biopsy first.
- If lesions persist after treatment, reinspect them to confirm they are not cancerous.
- Safety standards for use in pregnant or pediatric patients have not been established.
- Verruca-Freeze[®] H is intended for use only by medically trained healthcare professionals.
 Sale or other distribution of Verruca-Freeze[®] H to patients is prohibited.
- The aerosol canister is intended for use only with Verruca-Freeze® H applicator buds.

System Operation

Verruca-Freeze® H treats epidermal lesions by freezing, resulting in separation of epidermis and basal membrane. This is the same principle all cryogenic methods are based on.

Cryogen is sprayed into the Verruca-Freeze® H applicator, which acts as a reservoir, allowing for controlled and consistent application of the cryogen onto the lesion. The cryogen evaporates immediately, allowing the applicator to reach its optimal temperature of approximately -55°C.

After treatment, the frozen epidermis peels away (typically within 2 to 3 days) and is replaced by new epidermis. Blistering of treated area may occur. 1 to 4 treatments at 2-week intervals may be necessary.

Indications for Use

Verruca-Freeze® H is indicated for use in the treatment of the following skin lesions:

- Actinic Keratosis
- Genital Warts
- Lentigo
- Molluscum Contagiosum
- Seborrheic Keratosis
- Skin Tags
- Verruca Plantaris
- Verruca Vulgaris
- · Verruca Plana

Contraindications & Warnings

- Read all instructions and practice technique prior to use on patient.
- Inspect all product components prior to use.
 Do not use if any part is damaged.
- Nozzle assembly should be intact and spray tested before use on patient. Testing can be achieved by lightly pressing the dispensing valve to ensure proper flow of cryogen.
- Avoid spraying on or near eyes, ears, or other sensitive body areas. Shield the eyes when treating the head or neck
- · Use only in well-ventilated areas.
- CryoBud® applicators are for single use only and should be disposed of after use.
- Do not refreeze CryoBud® applicators, as this will reduce their effectiveness.
- Absolute Contraindication: Do not use on patients with cryoglobulinemia.

Precautions

- Depigmentation of dark skin may occur. It is less noticeable in light-colored skin but may be more visible after exposure to the sun.
- Do not use if uncertain of diagnosis (possibility of skin cancer).
- Hyperpigmentation is rare; however, facial areas should be treated with caution.
- Although necrosis has not been observed with Verruca-Freeze® H, freezing terminal arteries (in fingers and toes) to excessive depth could lead to necrosis. Treat only one side of fingers or toes at a time to avoid freezing arteries or veins.
- Do not use on irritated or infected skin, or on bleeding, open, or breached lesions, as this may cause severe tissue damage.

Potential Complications

As with any procedure, complications can occur. Potential complications may include:

Acute: headache, pain, and blister formation

Delayed: hemorrhage, infection, and excessive granulation tissue formation

Prolonged-temporary: milia, nerve damage, and hyperpigmentation

Permanent: alopecia, atrophy, scarring, hypopigmentation, and ectropion formation

Verruca-Freeze 🖽

Portable Cryosurgical System

IRUCTION MAI

Save these instructions for future reference

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